

are merely tools of politicians; she works very hard and does just what LEY and HIMMLER tell her to; has tried vainly to break Hilgenfeld; her main rival is FRAU VON SCHROEDER (q.v.) who has an entree to Hitler which subject has failed to achieve.

Sigrid Schultz, October 22, 1942

OSS, New York

(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

R

May 14, 1943

GERMANY

SCHOLTZ-KLINK, Frau

Reich Woman leader / was the main speaker at a rally of German women at Breslau Jahrhunderthalle / recently visited Finland; this visit is being returned by Fanni LUUKKONEN (FINLAND) who arrived in Berlin May 14, 1943. .

Berlin radio, May 14, 1943  
ECG, Daily Report, May 15, 1943

01798

9496

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

1937

GERMANY

SCHÖZEN (?) (correct name to, <sup>He</sup>supplied later)

Head of Archives in Ministry of Propaganda / nephew of former War Minister Werner von Blomberg; may have received appointment through uncle's influence, but his retention of his post after his uncle became persona non grata indicates that he was able to pull his own strings / good-looking, elegant dresser, extremely limited mentally; used to come late and leave early, never doing any positive work, but kept order.

O/We/Eu/Q left Germany 1937 <sup>New York,</sup>  
Committee for National Morale, Memorandum No. 2 on  
German Propaganda Ministry, January 15, 1943

A-123

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

**GERMANY** (see also Angola)

**SCHOEN, PAUL**

In Portuguese Information Section of German Foreign Office; has a brother who has been a coffee planter in Angola (of firm of Schoen and Marques Ltda., Cabala); brother now believed to be in Germany.

East African Central Suspect List - Angola  
January 21, 1942

A-123

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY (see also Angola)

SCHOEN, PAUL

In Portuguese Information Section of German Foreign Office; has a brother who has been a coffee planter in Angola (of firm of Schoen and Marques Ltda., Gabala); brother now believed to be in Germany.

East African Central Suspect List - Angola  
January 21, 1942

11679-209

CHILE

rpt February 8, 1943

SCHÖN, Freiherrin von

American-born wife of German Ambassador to Chile (q.v.) and largely responsible for his success / struggled through bad times in the early '30s and became a rabid Nazi when Nazis gave her husband a job / may try to use the fact that she is American born to stay in this hemisphere, but she will do it only if Nazis have work for her to do over here; she should be closely watched while still over here, and when in Berlin she will doubtless keep in touch with people in the Americas who are useful to the Nazis.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, February 8, 1943

110981

CID 16658-F

GERMANY

1936

SCHÖNE, W.

Author of The Rumor, an article published in 1936, in which he claims that rumor and anecdotes have almost as great an influence on public opinion as the press; he believes that rumor can be swept away by sudden violent action such as the Blood Purge of 1934, and that it can also be created by the propaganda apparatus of the state in order to serve some immediate purpose.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,  
New York, September 1941, pp. 51, 109

(11098)

dead

F

GERMANY

rpt August 28, 1943

SCHÖNEICH-CAROLATH-BEUTHEN, Prince HANS GEORGE

36 yearold stepson of former Kaiser; was killed in action while serving as captain in the Second German Army.

Berlin radio, recorded by Reuter's, London, August 28, 1943  
New York Times, August 29, 1943, p.7

110981



GERMANY

rpt March 1, 1943

SCHONEMANN, Pg.

Gauamtsleiter of the Office for Racial Policy of the RDF; attended meeting in Itzehoe at which necessity for increasing birth rate was discussed.

Schleswig-Holsteinische Tageszeitung, Itzehoe, March 1, 1943  
News Digest, March 1, 1943

CID 16658-F

GERMANY

rpt September 1941

SCHÖNEMANN, F.

Prominent professor at Berlin University and at the Propaganda Ministry's Hochschule fuer Politik; is recognized as the Nazis' foremost expert on the United States / he has warned against underestimating America as a potential world power; he wrote in 1939 that 'the innate pacifism of the American people often assumes the attitude of messianism . . . a war for peace, a war to end war, is not only permissible but even necessary . . . The democratic ideology . . . again represents a danger of the first magnitude, threatening our security and our future' / he has put together an excellent mosaic of Roosevelt's personality by studying his writings and by accompanying him on a trip to Lincoln, Nebraska in 1936.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,  
New York, September 1941, pp. 55, 117

(11098)

F

GERMANY

rpt April 2, 1943

SCHÖNERMARK, Vice Admiral

Has recently been promoted from sea captain.

Pariser Zeitung, April 2, 1943  
Press Survey

13647

## REFERENCE CARD

SWITZERLAND

rpts October 27, 1942

SCHÖNZFELD, HANS

Official German representative on Provisional Committee of 'World Council of Churches' in Geneva of which **VISSER** 't HOOFT (c.v.) is chairman / ardent anti-Nazi / due to some protection which he enjoys, is also working on war prisoners' work; in this capacity he can travel through Germany and Holland about 4 times a year; was last there in July 1942 / is known well and completely trusted by source / his superior in Germany is GERSTENMEYER, attached to Bishop HECKEL (GERMANY), head of Foreign Relations Bureau of Reich Church / has written and sent to source detailed account of fight Church in Germany is making vs. Nazis, particularly by creation of 'secret public Christian opinion'; maintains that it is impossible for clergy outside Germany to realize extent and success of this fight; cites Drs. BLAU and LILJE (qq.v.) as

(90)

708

-2-

to October 27, 1942

SWITZERLAND

SCHOENFELD, Hans

13647

examples; declares that 'secret Christian Student Movement' has doubled its membership since the war; emphasizes significance of growing contact between churches and Labor, especially in organizing post-war educational program on the lines of Professor KRAEMER's <sup>(NETHERLANDS)</sup> program; concludes by saying that Church indulges in no 'pietistic resignation', but is constantly preparing for its special part in fight against totalitarian forces and for a world-wide national order.

E/We/U/r, Switzerland, to October 27, 1942  
(SS, New York, Hago, November 26, 1942

C-1977

rpt November 5, 1942

GERMANY

SCHONLINDE, H. C. HEINRICH

Cf firm by that name which has been exporting  
needles to Turkey.

Reliable source, November 5, 1942  
OSS Washington, January 12, 1943

(11098)

February 1, 1943

GERMANY

SCHOPPER, Lt. General

His promotion from Major General  
to Lt. General effective February  
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #842, Bern, February 5, 1943

.110961

GERMANY

rpt May 8, 1943

SCHOPPER, Lt. General ERICH

Head of a German infantry division in Siberia (south of Lake  
Ilmen) / has been awarded the Knight's Cross of the Iron Cross.

Berlin radio, May 8, 1943  
FCC, Daily Report, May 10, 1943

110981



Field

November 1, 1942

GERMANY

SCHÖRRH, Air Vice Marshal

Promoted to Air Vice Marshal,  
effective November 1, 1942 <sup>from Group Captain</sup>

FOO, late 1942

10981

IP-N  
A-234-754 MAN

REFERENCE CARD

FRANCE

November 1942

SCHOTT. Lt.

One of the military chiefs of greater Paris; has under his orders troops from the three following barracks: Caserne Philippe de Girard (Major KUNBERT), Caserne Mortier (Major von BERGEN), Caserne de Reuilly (Major SCHEFFEL) / address: 8 Place de la Republique, Hotel Moderne, tel. Oberkampf 52-21 and 58-41.

Information as of November 1942  
B, December 9, 1942

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

rpt January 22, 1943

SCHOTT, Captain

Recently returned from Russian front / has published ten points for the "soldier who wants to survive in Russia" in the Militar-Wochenblatt and several German newspapers; these points include being impervious to weather and terrain, learning how to improvise, keeping on the move, being suspicious and ever vigilant, learning how to reconnoiter, being fore-handed, cleanly and hard.

New York Times, January 22, 1943, p.7

CID 38253

G

NORWAY

rpt August, 1942

SCHRADER, Admiral von

German admiral of the German Navy on the West and South coast of Norway; according to reports in August 1942, stationed at Bergen.

Report from the Norwegian High Command, 2d Department, of the Norwegian Government in Exile, June 11, 1943.

(11098)

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

UNITED STATES

SCHRADER, FREDERIC

Carried on propaganda work in U.S. for Imperial Government before and during last war; edited Fatherland, which was financed from Germany; after Hitler seized power, placed himself at disposal of Nazis and made great contribution to success of Nazi propaganda among German clubs in U.S.; now in Germany?

Nazi Movement in the United States  
June 1940, pp. 37-38 (returned to FN)

(90)

1479

7-16

## REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

December 24, 1942

SCHRAMM, FERDINAND

Responsible for lack of artisans in Germany today / nazified workers before Hitler came into power by promising them that Hitler would reduce or even wipe out large manufacturers; instead, however, workers have been more regimented and have been forced to work longer for less wages / workers also are judged by political outlook rather than by skill / his measures have ruined thousands of independent workers: old, solid artisans were deprived of work permits on ground that, having previously been social democrats or democrats, they were unfit for positions of responsibility in a factory / he has turned factories over to trusted Party members who know nothing of the business and have promptly bankrupted them / often old artisans were asked to return and work under Nazi supervisors as journeymen, so many emigrated or turned to

-2-

December 24, 1942

GERMANY

SCHRAEM, FERDINAND

14079

other types of work / because of this work, Schraem, an old-time Nazi, has been made Reichshand<sup>werks</sup>meister, President of the Handwerkskammer Altona and President of Handwerksinstitute Berlin / has used same methods in Austria, and is now trying them out in Alsace and Lorraine.

OSS, New York, Dr. Rudolf Katz, December 24, 1942

CID 16658-F

rpt September 1941

GERMANY

SCHRAMM, W. von

Member of JÜNGER's group of militant intellectuals  
/ says that the only way to find a way to national  
unity, as at the front, is by human comradeship.

Committee for National Morale, GERMAN Psychological Warfare,  
New York, September 1941, p. 39

110981



Field

rpt October 16, 1942

GERMANY

SCHERANK (?)

Reich Master of Handicraft.

FCC, October 16, 1942

(11098)

BR FU-200

C

GERMANY

SCHREIBER, EMIL

(11098)

BR PU-370

C

GERMANY

SCHREIBER, K.R. WALTHER

(11708)

0-1977

rpt November 5, 1942

GERMANY

SCHREIBER & Sons, RUDOLF

This firm, of Zuedlinburg/Ratz, has been exporting seeds to Turkey.

Reliable source, November 5, 1942  
OSS Washington, January 12, 1943

(11098)

F

GERMANY

rpt April 2, 1943

SCHREIBER, Surg. Gen. WALTER

Has recently been promoted from staff surgeon.

Pariser Zeitung, April 2, 1943  
Press Survey

210981

C-99

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

SCHREINER, DE.

Representative of the German Intelligence Division.

Source - New York Times, 3/17/42.

90)

R

rpt June 23, 1943

GERMANY

SCHIREWE, Professor Dr.

Was among those present at the June 23rd meeting of the Congress of 'European Workers for Victory', held in Hamburg under the chairmanship of AHEINS (q.v.).

Berlin radio, June 23, 1943  
FCC, Daily Report, June 24, 1943

(11098) .

GERMANY

rpt March 16, 1943

SCHRODER

Hauptbannführer / at opening of the 'Gauarbeitsgemeinschaft für Jugendbetreuung' he pointed out the difficulties which usually arise in wartime in the education of juveniles.

Der Angriff, March 16, 1943  
News Digest, March 23, 1943

210981



0-2919

REFERENCE CARD

December 2, 1942

GERMANY

<sup>u</sup>  
SCHROEDER, Kapitän zur See

On December 2, 1942 a German delegation composed of Captains Schroeder and LIETGEN and Schiffsingenieur OESTEN (BULGARIA) arrived at Sofia to arrange the assembling at Burgas of fast vedettes of the standard German type.

Reliable source

B, December 18, 1942

(90)

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

To, February 1941

SCHROEDER, Major General

SS Brigadeführer / in ROSENBERG's Ministry for the Occupied  
Eastern Provinces.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, December 14, 1942  
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

To February 1941

SCHROEDER, FRAU VON

Old time Nazi of the clique of FRAU VON DIRCKSEN; runs Nazi welfare groups; an elderly lady and GERTRUD SCHOLZ-KLINK's (q.v.) severest rival; she often has conferences alone with Hitler, which Scholz-Klink has never been able to wangle; would like to see IRMA MOERSCHNER (q.v.) an outstanding woman leader.

Sigrid Schultz, October 22, 1942

OSS, New York

(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

11679

Nearing 60 / quite well known for her welfare activities in first war / took over many Jewish charities and amalgamated them with Nazi charities / has been able to hold her own against

(90)

-2-

To February 1941

GERMANY

SCHROEDER, Frau von

11679

Frau SCHOLZ-KLINE because Hitler is her protector due to the fact that early in his career, when he was making his bow to society in her salon, she helped him over many an awkward moment.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, December 1, 1942  
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

A-39

GERMANY

rpt August 1, 1942

SCHRÖDER, CHRISTA

She and Gerda DAVANCOWSKY are Hitler's secretaries; only women on his intimate staff at GHQ; rarely take his dictation except by dictaphone.

Personalities in Hitler's GHQ  
Die Welt Woche, Bern, August 1, 1942

(11398)

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

SCHRÖDER, KURT VON

Banker at whose house Hitler held secret meetings with Papen in 1932.

Inside the Gestapo by Hansjürgen Koehler - London, 1940 - p. 14.

11277

## REFERENCE CARD

7-16

## GERMANY

## SCHROEDER, KURT VON

President of German Exchange and Credit Bank which finances all Fifth Column activities; overseer of untold German industries; Hitler and von PAPER (Turkey) used to meet at his house in Cologne in early '30s, eventually forming around themselves an extremely powerful clique; brother-in-law of Fedor von BOCK and Karl von BOCK (qq.v.); the latter's wife (q.v.) brought to the clique powerful connections in Sweden and France through Baron Richard von SCHNITZLER and Waldemar von OPPENHEIM (qq.v.), and the Marquis de POLIGNAC (see France); according to source, von Schroeder's influence was strong enough to bring LAVAL to power in Vichy, with the help of such willing intermediaries as Senator Francois de WENDEL and Fernand de BRINON (qq.v. France); the clique consists almost entirely of men who have been active since 1918-19.

(90)

"Who is Fedor von Bock?" by Dr. Rudolph Katz (over)

-2-

OSS, New York, Osborne-Hoover, Sept. 29, 1942



F

**GERMANY**

rpt. May 15, 1943

**SCHPÖDER, KURT von**

Owner of banking house of J.H. Stein / one of the bankers who, as heads of leading German banks, have seized the economic resources of Europe until there is scarcely a bank in German-controlled Europe that is not subsidiary to the German banking system / the six banks that now exercise the major control of private banking in Europe are: the Deutsche Bank, Dresdener Bank, Kommerzbank, Berliner Handelsgesellschaft, Reichskredit-Gesellschaft and the Bank der Deutschen Arbeit / other bankers in control of this monopoly are: Dr. Wilhelm VOSS, Albert PIETZSCH, Friedrich REINHART, Kurt WEIGELT, and Wilhelm ZANGEN (qq.v.) / most of the bankers now in control financed Hitler in early Nazi days.

Special from Washington, May 15, 1943  
New York Times, May 16, 1943, p. 16

(11098)

BR FU-863

C

GERMANY

SCHRÖDER, LOUISE

111700-1

O-1977

GERMANY

rpt November 5, 1942

SCHRODER, WERNER

Of firm by this name in Lobenstein in Thur which  
has been exporting electric lamps to Turkey.

Reliable source, November 5, 1942  
OSS Washington January 12, 1943

(11098)

Dead

rpt April 14, 1943

GERMANY

SCHRÖDER-RICHTER, Col. HANS

Has been killed in action.

State Department plain cable #2334, Bern, April 14, 1943

(110981

CIO-34321-S

S

GERMANY

rpt c. March 28, 1943

SCHROT, First Lieutenant

Group Commander of III Speed Bomber Unit 10; his name was among those found on papers of a pilot shot down and killed in Algeria, in the end of March.

NWAAF Interrogation Report No. 159, April 24, 1943

(11098)

~~GID~~ 16658-E

1919

GERMANY

SCHROETER, H. von

Author of article concerning the Psychology and  
Pathology of the combat pilot, printed in 1919.

Committee for National Warfare, German Psychological Warfare,  
New York, September 1941, p. 99

(11098)

8113

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

6  
rpt April 1942

GERMANY

SCHUBERT, Herr von

Undersecretary of State under STRESEMANN; Dr. Theodor  
KORTH <sup>(Switzerland)</sup> was his private secretary for many years.

Putlitz (W/De/Eu/Q), April 6, 1942  
OSS, New York, April 14, 1942

(90)

Field

November 1, 1942

GERMANY

SCHUBERT, Air Marshal

Promoted to Air Marshal,  
effective November 1, 1942.

FCC, late 1942

110981



11679-301

~~FRHSH~~ LIBYA

rpt February 1941

SCHUBERT, HERMANN PAUL

German vice consul in Tripoli; born in 1882; married to a Swedish descendant of Linne-Upsala whom he used to establish Nazi contacts in foreign lands / worked in Tripoli about 1935, and was still there when war broke out; also owned a brewery in Tripoli which gave him close contact with natives.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, February 20, 1943  
(Source left Germany in February 1941)

(11098)

A 533-558

## REFERENCE CARD

7-16

TURKEY: also GERMANY

August 1941

SCHUCHT, Dr.

Negotiations for an improved telephone service between Ankara and Istanbul and Sofia were started in August, 1941, with the arrival in Turkey of the German engineer Schucht, representative of the firm Siemens Halske / Schucht proceeded to Ankara and there got in touch with various Turkish Departments concerned; he was first told that the offer, though interesting, was not of immediate interest to the Turkish government which was expecting British telephone equipment; later however Schucht managed to persuade the Turks that the British equipment might be delayed in transit, whereas his offer was a firm

(OVER)

(A-5:3-282)

## REFERENCE CARD

7-16

rpt Oct. 9, 1942

## TURKEY

SCHUCHT, Dr.

Chief Engineer of the Siemens Co.; at the beginning of October told informant that his engineers will be lucky if they have the Ankara-Istanbul telephone line ready for testing by the end of November; when he reported to the German embassy that Turkish bureaucratic methods were delaying his work, he was told that it was no longer urgent that the line be installed by the end of October; his colleague Dr. LENNERTZ is constantly fulminating against Turkish inefficiency, but Schucht seems not particularly concerned; at the end of <sup>September</sup> ~~October~~ these two and ELINAK, supported by Dr. HOFFMANN, applied to the Turkish Ministry of Communications, through Bay HAIRI, for a concession to the German Embassy of one channel of

(90)

OVER

the new line for teleprinter communication between  
Ankara and Sofia; this will not be granted.

B, Oct. 9, 1942

O-3986

rpt February 23, 1943

**TURKEY**

**SCHUCHT**

He and FROEWEIN (GERMANY) at the beginning of the negotiations for the installation of high frequency telephony for the P.T.T., did everything possible to close the deal, though Turkey in war time does not need such expensive installations; the Postal authorities were surprised at the speed with which the Germans met their requirement that the submarine cable must also be delivered; now the work is being drawn out, but new specialists keep arriving for no reason whatsoever; Schucht is also expected in a short time.

Turkish official, in conversation, February 23, 1943  
Turkish business man, reliability unknown  
B, Istanbul, March 1, 1943

(11098)

A 533-554

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY also TURKEY

August 25, 1942

SCHUCHT, Dr.

German engineer representing the firm Siemens Halske / revisited Turkey in August, 1942, and planned all the stages of the work of installing long distance telephones between Istanbul-Ankara.

B, August 25, 1942

(90)